



**The 5<sup>th</sup> AKS International Interdisciplinary Conference (IIC) Series**

**On**

***“Emerging Trends in Korean Studies in India: An Inter-Disciplinary Perspective”***

**Organized by**

**The Centre for Korean Studies, Jawaharlal Nehru University**

**In collaboration with**

**Dept. of Far East Languages, Central University of Jharkhand**

**05<sup>th</sup>-06<sup>th</sup> July 2019**

***Convener:  
Shashi Kumar Mishra***

***Organizing Secretary:  
Mukesh Kumar Jaiswal***

**Central University of Jharkhand, Brambe,  
Ranchi, Jharkhand- 835205**

## **The Central University of Jharkhand**

The Central University of Jharkhand was established in 2009 by the Government of India through The Central Universities Act 1st of March, 2009. The vision of the University is to create a world class university in every aspect, be it research, teaching, administration or co-curricular activities, to produce world class students ready to excel in every chosen field with honour and uprightness. The objectives and scopes of the University are to: disseminate and advance knowledge by providing instructional and research facilities in various disciplines, such as Humanities, Social Sciences and Science & Technology; promote innovations in teaching-learning process and inter-disciplinary studies and research; educate and train manpower for the development of the country; establish linkages with industries for the promotion of science and technology and pay special attention to the improvement of the social and economic conditions and welfare of the people, their intellectual, academic and cultural developments.

The present campus of the University is located at Brambe, a 25 km drive from Ranchi City. It is a beautiful campus of green trees and rolling grounds of around 45 acres. Ranchi is the capital of Indian state Jharkhand located in the southern part of Chota Nagpur plateau. It is called the “City of Waterfalls.” Temperature ranges from 20°C - 37°C in the summer and 6°C - 22°C in winter.

## **Department of Far East Languages: Korean**

Central University of Jharkhand offers Korean Language and culture Education at the Department of Far East languages along with Chinese and Tibetan. Department of Far East languages is the second Department in India and in whole South Asia region to offer five year integrated M.A. program in Korean language and Culture. 5 year Integrated M.A. in Korean was started in 2012. Since 2012 the department has seen a continuous increase in the number of students.

The Department of Far East Languages: Korean envisions for producing Korean language professionals and Scholars by imparting world class education in Korean language, Literature and culture with the aim to become a center of excellence in this field and to serve the needs of the society , industry etc. The department plans to start B.A., M.A. and Ph.D. in Korean in near future. It is also planning to initiate academic collaborations with prominent universities of India and Korea.

## **Theme of the Conference**

For Republic of Korea, India carries a considerable economic and geopolitical significance. India is an emerging growth market driven by an abundant youth demography and rapidly rising middle class. It can also be a bridge for Korean businesses to penetrate the Middle East and African markets, considering its long and historical engagement with these two regions. The Modi government’s reforms will provide greater market access for foreign investors, and it could be an important opportunity for Korean investors to strengthen the foundation of their business in the country.

In recent years India- South Korea relations have been elevated to the level of economic and strategic partnership which is gradually becoming stronger and deeper. In 2013, India and South Korea marked the 40th anniversary of diplomatic ties. Although it was only recently that the engagement between the two countries began to deepen, their relationship has proven beneficial in many different areas. With the new Modi government, we have seen a greater progress in Indo- Korea relationships at different fronts and there is now stronger ties between the two countries and it should be continued. The coming

years will be an interesting, yet immensely critical period for a sleeping elephant to wake up from its dream, and an ally would be of great help. In fact, Modi has been frequently mentioning South Korea in his speeches when stressing the importance of infrastructure for economic growth. With Korean investors already showing interests in the Modi government's plan for a \$4 to 5 billion infrastructure fund, cooperation in infrastructure will only help the Indian economy. With the improvement of foreign relations under Modi, a new light has been shed on relations between India and South Korea. As one of the earliest foreign investors after India's economic liberalization in 1991, South Korea has been an aggressive yet enthusiastic investor that has continued to maintain its confidence in India's potential. Bilateral trade is now 40 percent higher than it was in 2009, and South Korean companies including Samsung, LG and Hyundai are among the most respected companies in India, with strong commercial performance. Moreover, recent visit of the president of the Republic of Korea Moon Jae-in to India and inauguration of the world largest mobile manufacturing plant at Samsung, Noida in the presence of Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi has begun a new era. The relationship between India and South Korea is growing day by day. It is poised to achieve still higher levels of mutual co-operation. India-South Korea economic, geopolitical & strategic partnership is set to play significant roles in coming years.

This International Conference will provide a unique opportunity to exchange and discuss current Indo-Korea relations of different fronts ranging from language, literature, culture and philosophy to science and economics. This conference will reflect a variety of perspectives as it will have contributions from various fields of Social Sciences and Humanities, science and technology and language and literature. The views and observations of AKS International Conference 2019 will contribute to enrich future literature on the following areas/ Sub themes:

**Korean Literature in Translation –**  
**Form and Aesthetics of Korean Literature –**  
**Continuity/ Discontinuity of Literature in Korea –**  
**Genres in Korean Literature –**  
**Oral and Written Culture –**  
**Popular Culture - Mass Media and Culture –**  
**Post-colonial Korean History –**  
**Colonial History of India and Korea –**  
**Democracy and Development –**  
**Political Economy of Korea –**  
**Korean Linguistics**

## **Conference Outcome**

A sincere and active participation throughout the conference will enable the participants to

- **Understands the problem & prospects of Korean language Education in India and South Asia.**
- **Understand the contribution of Korean language, Literature and culture to bridge the gap between the two nations.**
- **Understand the past and present International Political exercise of both India and South Korea.**
- **Understand the relevant steps being taken by both countries (India and South Korea) to strengthen their political and economic relationship.**
- **Analyze Educational and literary development of South Korea.**
- **Motivate to prepare themselves to present their own research of any relevant area related to Language, Literature Culture, Society, History, Religion and Environment etc. in future.**

- **To build confidence in participants' ability as researchers through the discovery and development of their own intrinsic relationship in different areas.**

**Note:** The above sub-themes are only indicative. Authors may opt other topics also relevant to the main theme of the Conference.

### **Paper Submission**

Participants willing to present paper are requested to follow the schedule and guidelines given below:

<b>Submission of Abstract</b>	<b>300 words</b>	<b>24<sup>th</sup> June 2019</b>
<b>Intimation of Acceptance of Abstract</b>	<b>25<sup>th</sup> June 2019</b>	
<b>Full Paper</b>	<b>5000-6000 words</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> July</b>
<b>Email</b>	<a href="mailto:indiasouthasia@gmail.com">indiasouthasia@gmail.com</a>	
	shashi.mishra@cuja.ac.in,	
	mukesh.jaiswal@cuja.ac.in	

Paper must not be previously published or currently under review for publication elsewhere.

- Author(s) of the selected abstract will have to send their complete work within the stipulated time period.
- The paper may be composed in MS-Word format, Times New Roman font with heading in Font Size 14 and the remaining text in the font size 12 with 1.5 spacing.

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